## **Review of Economic Bases for Child Support Guidelines**

## **Consumer Expenditures Survey**

All three of the methodologies below use data collected by the Consumer Expenditures Survey (CES) that is conducted by the US Bureau of Labor Statistics.

For more information, please visit <a href="https://www.bls.gov/cex/">https://www.bls.gov/cex/</a>

## **Consumer Price Index**

The Consumer Price Index is a measure of the average change over time in prices paid by urban consumers for a mark basket of consumer goods and services. It is the most widely used measure of inflation.

For more information, please visit <a href="https://www.bls.gov/cpi/">https://www.bls.gov/cpi/</a>

## **Economic Basis Options**

Economic Basis	Description	Number of
		States that Use
USDA	USDA study estimates child-rearing expenditures	1 (Minnesota)
	individually for 7 expenditure categories (food,	
	transportation, housing, clothing, health care, child	
	care and education, and miscellaneous expenses),	
	then combines expenses for a total amount.	
Bettson-Rothbarth	Marginal cost approach that compares the	29
	expenditures of two sets of equally well-off	
	households: one set of 2-parent families with	
	children and one set of couples without children.	
	The difference is their expenditures is presumed to	
	be spent on child rearing.	
Comanor	Comanor is critical of USDA and Bettson-Rothbarth	0
	because he believes that they overstate actual	
	child-rearing expenditures and do not take into	
	account either the opportunity costs or non-	
	economic benefits associated with having a child.	
	Comanor's estimates of child-rearing expenditures	
	are often below or near poverty amounts for the	
	child's basic needs.	

For more information, please visit <u>https://mn.gov/dhs/assets/MN\_CPR\_deliverable1\_July17\_tcm1053-303782.pdf</u>