

Minutes: Health Services Advisory Council

Date: June 10, 2026 5:30 - 7:30PM

Attendance

Council Members

Present

1. Mame Samba Fall, *HSAC Chair*
2. Brian Palmer – *appointment pending*
3. Christy Walz – *appointment pending*
4. John Hennessey – *appointment pending*
5. Claudia Thomas
6. Daniel Stein
7. Rakesh John

Absent

1. Suadade Samuelson – *appointment pending*
2. Scott Sundby – *appointment pending*
3. Rosilynn Morrie
4. Elora Riggs Lyksett
5. Bimaje Akpa

DHS Staff

- Nate Chomillo
- Caralyn Schnick
- Liz Gipson
- Ashley Setala
- Matthew Vierzba
- Mallory Cummings

Guests

- Cathy McMilin, *Occupational Therapist at Gillette Children's*
- Kathy Maroney, *Occupational Therapist at Gillette Children's*
- Sue Redepenning, *Occupational Therapist at Live Life Therapy Solutions*

Minutes

Welcome

- Called to order 5:35 PM
- Mame Samba Fall, HSAC Chair, welcomed attendees and led introductions.

Housekeeping:

- March minutes approved, motion made by Sambe Fall, seconded by Daniel Stein, approved unanimously by council.

Medical Frailty and H.R. 1 Implementation Update

Presenter: Dr. Nathan Chomilo, *DHS Medicaid Medical Director*

- As an update to the March 2026 meeting, Dr. Chomilo shared updates on how DHS is proposing the state define medical frailty for the purpose of the H.R.1 community engagement requirements
- Since March:
 - DHS has continued to seek feedback from partners on the above, including by releasing a Request for Information (RFI)
 - CMS put out additional guidance on the community engagement/work requirements, including medical frailty
- CMS' new [Interim Final Rule CMS-2454-IFC](#) interprets medical frailty significantly more narrowly than DHS had anticipated

MHCP Coverage of Enclosed Beds

DHS presentation:

Presenter: Matthew Vierzba, *DHS Durable Medical Equipment Policy*

- Enclosed beds: beds that utilize enclosure and are used to prevent injuries from climbing out of bed or seizure-related falls
 - Beds vary greatly in terms of cost, materials, features, and other aspects
- Existing MHCP Policy:
 - Enclosed beds are covered and medically necessary for members who are cognitively impaired and mobile if their unrestricted mobility demonstrates significant risk for serious injury, not just a possibility of injury
 - Over 80% of requests are for behavioral diagnoses; majority of requests are for 12 hours per day
- Technology Hub: A built-in component of some enclosed beds, typically non-covered as of October 2023
 - MHCP occasionally authorizes the Hub for certain cases
 - Hubs feature cameras and microphones to allow for communication; rhythm lighting; sound machine/speakers
- Medicaid programs nationwide have seen a surge in requests for enclosed beds, largely for members with autism spectrum disorder (ASD)
 - There is little to no clinical evidence associated with enclosed beds and ASD
- Clinical practice guidelines prioritize improving sleep hygiene and patterns, behavioral therapy, and pharmacotherapy; other recommendations include reducing nighttime wandering by using child protection locks
 - No clinical guidelines endorse beds as a solution or treatment for autism
- DHS' Health Care Administration has met with several stakeholder groups to receive input on the policy from:
 - External Partners:
 - Accentra (DHS' medical review agent)
 - EIDBI Advisory Group
 - LiveLife Therapy Solutions
 - Gillette Children's Minnesota

- Other states' Medicaid programs
 - Internal Partners:
 - Behavioral Health Admin
 - Aging and Disability Services Admin
- MHCP is considering:
 - Establishing separate criteria for medical v. BH needs
 - Joint DME-behavioral health review for members requesting the beds due to BH needs
 - Diagnostic and functional assessments for members with BH needs
 - Treatment plan requirements that include concurrent BH interventions, defined monitoring schedule, other interventions
 - Broadened list of less costly alternatives with concurrent utilization of beds
 - Therapy, ABA, PCA, and other services with concurrent utilization of beds

Public Comment: Gillette Children's Hospital

Presenters: Cathy McMillin, *Pediatric Occupational Therapy*

- Patients who need this care present with complex medical and behavioral health needs; it is difficult for providers to consider these needs separately
- From a BH intervention perspective, most of these patients are already engaged in multidisciplinary care, including care to help support sleep such as working with sleep specialists
- Pharmacological interventions are difficult to manage and may be contraindicated for this patient population
- Using restraints at night is not recommended and can put patients at additional risk of injury; enclosed beds are safer in these cases
- Sleep is essential for patient and family health; enclosed beds can support this
- Closing statement: Enclosed beds are not a substitute for medical care but are a necessary intervention for this patient population
- Members asked about society guidelines from occupational therapy related to medical necessity of enclosed beds
 - Gillette Children's were unaware of any formalized guidelines
- Member asked about the beds' clinical appropriateness to improve sleep
 - Gillette Children's shared that there are some beds with raised mattresses, etc. that may support better sleep for patients with physical health needs

Council Discussion and Recommendations

Background Discussion

- Member asked about DHS' policy related to medical restraints and the process in place for reporting harm or entrapment
 - DHS does not currently have policies to follow up once the bed is approved
 - Matt flagged that the proposed monitoring plan the Committee will vote on is designed to address this
 - DHS coverage policy does not collect information on harm or suspected harm related to enclosed beds; suspected child abuse is reported to and overseen by DCYF

- Member asked what role, if any, the manufacturer plays in training parents/caregivers on appropriate use of the beds
 - DME vendors, not the manufacturer, provide this training and DHS operates under the assumption that the vendor provide this
- Member asked about cost of enclosed beds
 - Beds often cost between \$7k to \$12k
- Member asked about other states' Medicaid coverage of enclosed beds
 - DHS shared that other states mirror what we do as we were initially ahead of the curve with coverage
- Sue Redepenning shared that the technology hub is helpful for monitoring seizures and is a safer alternative to retroactively adding cameras to the beds
- Members acknowledged that developing coverage criteria is difficult since medical societies have not put out guidelines about enclosed beds for behavioral needs
 - Two members expressed concern that if we begin covering the beds for behavioral Dx the number of requests will increase dramatically and could result in increased misuse
- Member asked how DHS began covering enclosed beds for behavioral health needs if there was not medical consensus or society guidelines

Questions for Voting and Results

1. Should MHCP require separate criteria for behavioral and medical diagnoses?

- a. Yes: 3 votes
- b. No: 1 vote

Recommendation to require separate criteria for behavioral and medical diagnoses

2. Which of the following should review authorization requests for enclosed beds for behavioral needs?

- a. Behavioral reviewers only: 1 vote
- b. Medical reviewers only
- c. Both behavioral and medical reviewers: 3 votes

Recommendation for authorization requests be reviewed by both medical and behavioral reviewers

3. Should MHCP require concurrent behavioral therapy with enclosed beds?

- a. Yes: 4 votes
- b. No: 0 vote

Unanimous recommendation to require concurrent behavioral therapy with enclosed beds

4. Should MHCP cover the technology hub?

- a. Yes: 4 votes
- b. No: 0 vote

Unanimous decision to recommend coverage for the technology hub

Conclusion + Adjournment

- Next meeting date/time: September 9, 2026
- Meeting adjourned at 7:11
 - Initiated by Samba Fall; seconded by Claudia Thomas; approved by committee