TRAUMATIC STRESS IN CHILDREN AND FAMILIES

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OVERVIEW

- Trauma, risk, adverse early childhood events, and toxic stress
- Trauma and children's development
 - + How does research inform practice?
- × Trauma-informed practice

DEFINING TRAUMA

In its definition of posttraumatic stress disorder, the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual uses this definition of trauma: an event or events the person experienced, witnessed, or was confronted with that involved actual or threatened death or serious injury, or a threat to the physical integrity of self or others.

EARLY ADVERSE EXPERIENCES

- Also known as toxic stress, adverse childhood experiences, and cumulative risk
 - These may or may not be events that threaten life or limb, e.g. impaired caregiver (substance abuse, mental illness); homelessness
 - + These events or experiences
 - × Tend to pile up and co-occur
 - Have cumulative effects on children's healthy development and on subsequent development in adulthood
 - + BUT, not all events are equal!

MALTREATMENT

- Large body of research demonstrates effects of physical abuse, sexual abuse and neglect on:
 - + Social-emotional functioning
 - × E.g. trust, judgment, interpersonal decision-making, social skills
 - + Brain development
 - × E.g. stress responses ('flight or fight')
 - + Physical development
 - + Cognitive development
 - × Capacity to learn, problem-solve, etc

RESILIENCE

- Typical development (doing 'OK' despite exposure to adversity)
 - "Ordinary magic" (Masten, 2001)
- Longitudinal studies that follow children over many years indicate that resilience is associated with individual and family factors
 - + Effective parent or caregiver
 - + Child characteristics
- Resilience is a dynamic process, which means it is amenable to intervention
 - + E.g. prevention and treatment interventions can put children back on typical developmental trajectories (improving social, emotional, and cognitive functioning, as well as physical health)

PAYING ATTENTION TO PARENTS

- x Cycle of violence/intergenerational patterns well-established
 - * Abuse and neglect experienced in childhood is associated with later victimization and perpetration
 - * Parents who themselves were maltreated may find it harder to parent effectively
- Parenting is crucial parents matter most to their children when circumstances are high
 - + Effective parenting buffers children from the risks for depression and behavior problems (substance use, antisocial behavior, school dropout, etc)
 - + Parenting CAN be taught! There is a strong evidence base for parenting interventions in the child welfare system
 - × Parent management training-Oregon model/Parenting Through Change
 - Multi-dimensional treatment foster care preschool/early intervention foster care

PROMOTING SAFETY, PERMANENCY, AND WELLBEING FOR MALTREATED CHILDREN

- Provide services that recognize what children have experienced
 - + Train child welfare workforce to identify traumatic stress (what happened to you? Vs. what did you do?)
 - + Requires trauma-informed service systems and
 - + Evidence-based intervention and prevention services
- Provide children and their parents with the effective services they need
 - + E.g. trauma-focused parent training (ADAPT)
 - × Kansas child welfare system
 - + Trauma-focused cognitive behavior therapy

WHAT IS TRAUMA-INFORMED PRACTICE?



TRAUMA INFORMED CHILD WELFARE SYSTEM

- Leadership championing and commitment at all levels of the system
- × Training for all providers in childhood trauma
 - + Core curriculum in child trauma (an evidence-based training curriculum to help workers understand the impact of traumatic stress on children using case-based learning
- × Strong collaboration with other child-serving systems
- Identification, screening, and assessment of traumatized children
- × Referrals to effective services

TRAUMA-INFORMED SYSTEMS WORK UNDERWAY IN MINNESOTA

- Central Minnesota (four counties) leadership team from all child-serving systems; training and planning completed, referral mechanisms in place
- South East MN Supercommunity detailed strategic plan in place. CW staff to start training; juvenile justice and Red Wing staff already trained
- Ramsey County lead team in place. Focus on JJ system. All corrections staff to be trained in Jan
- White Earth leadership team, trained over 300 child serving practitioners. Working with Circle of Life Academy to develop a trauma informed school

TRAUMA-FOCUSED COGNITIVE BEHAVIOR THERAPY FOR CHILDREN IN MINNESOTA

- Ambit Network, in partnership with MN DHS, has provided training to:
 - + 489 mental health professionals (in 77 agencies)
 - + who have served over 2800 traumatized children and youth
 - + Over 3000 'front door' human service professionals in the child welfare, juvenile justice, education, and law enforcement systems have been trained in traumainformed practice
 - + Trauma screener is under development for use by front line providers with children

RESOURCES

- Trauma-informed child welfare system: <u>http://www.nctsn.org/resources/topics/child-welfare-system</u>
- × The above links to:
 - + Child welfare trauma training toolkit
 - + Fact sheets on birth parents and the child welfare system
 - + Resource parent curriculum

EVIDENCE-BASED PARENTING RESOURCES

- × Parenting resources, examples:
- Kansas Intensive Permanency project: <u>https://cbexpress.acf.hhs.gov/index.cfm?</u> <u>event=website.viewArticles&issueid=131&articleid</u> <u>=3335</u>
- Parenting Through Change <u>http://www.nrepp.samhsa.gov/</u> <u>ViewIntervention.aspx?id=67</u>
- × ADAPT for military families
- <u>http://www.cehd.umn.edu/fsos/projects/adapt/</u> <u>default.asp</u>

THANK YOU

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- Ambit Network: <u>www.ambitnetwork.org</u>
- × National Child Traumatic Stress Network www.nctsn.org