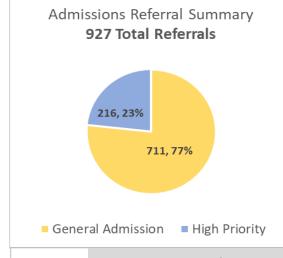# DCT Priority Admissions Framework – Quarterly Data

Admissions Referral Summary
927 Total Referrals

- General Admission: 711, 77%
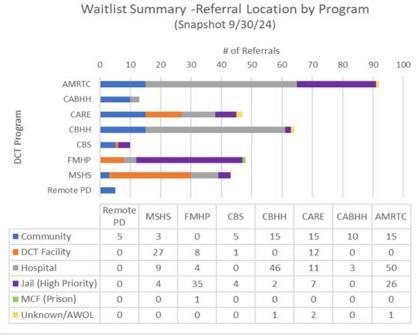- High Priority: 216, 23%

Active Waitlist
Not including referrals who are Not Releasable (NR)

	Count	Avg (days)	Range (days)
MHSATS	31	22.5	4-87
Forensics	38	218.8	35-607
CBS	3	150.3	110-209
QTR Total	**72**	**131.4**	**4-607**
Median		61.5	
Active NR	9	88.6	10-186

Average Waitlist Time for Admitted Referrals (Days)

- MHSATS (101): 26.5
- Forensics (12): 249.3
- CBS (1): 193

Program Admissions

New High Priority Referrals by Month - R20/HP/Jail
2023/2024 (to date)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
2023 New referrals	36	27	37	21	26	28	37	33	38	48	58	46
2024 New referrals	31	27	36	33	36	23	29	78	75			

Month

Waitlist Summary -Referral Location by Program
(Snapshot 9/30/24)

# of Referrals

DCT Program

	Remote PD	MSHS	FMHP	CBS	CBHH	CARE	CABHH	AMRTC
Community	5	3	0	5	15	15	10	15
DCT Facility	0	27	8	1	0	12	0	0
Hospital	0	9	4	0	46	11	3	50
Jail (High Priority)	0	4	35	4	2	7	0	26
MCF (Prison)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Unknown/AWOL	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1

% of Positive Factor Scores
All High Priority Referrals

- Fed Req (CARE): 2%
- Factor 1: 53%
- Factor 2: 22%
- Factor 3: 57%
- Factor 4: 29%
- Factor 5: 5%
- OOS Jail: 0%
- PD Status: 24%
- CST: 71%

% Positive Scoring

Factor Key	Weighted Factors	Weight	Scale 0 = Lower urgency/Not applicable 1 = Higher urgency/Applicable
Factor 1	Intensity of Treatment Needed Due to Clinical Acuity	10%	0 = None or Low/Stable 1 = High/Urgent
Factor 2	Current Safety of the Individual and other in the proximal environment	20%	0 = None or Managed 1 = Unmanaged/ Imminent risk of harm
Factor 3	Access to/or lack thereof to essential or court ordered treatment in a non-DCT environment	30%	0 = Available 1 = Not available
Factor 4	Other negative impacts to the referring facility, such as the number of beds unavailable because of caring for the referred individual.	30%	0 = None 1 = Present
Factor 5	NGMI Finding (for referrals w/out incompetency orders or evals)	10%	0 = No 1 = Yes
	Other Factors/Non Weighted		
A, B, C, - option	Federal Prioritization Requirement (CARE Only) - A (Pregnant and IV Using)		Yes/No
	Federal Prioritization Requirement (CARE Only) - B (IV Using, not Pregnant)		
	Federal Prioritization Requirement (CARE Only) - C (Pregnant, non-IV Using)		
	Client has active PD Status /Order for Return to DCT		
	Referral from Out of State Jail		
	Incompetency/Eval Order -Comptency to Stand Trial		

Version 2.2 updated 07/09/24

High Priority Count by Program
Admissions vs. Active Waitlist

AMRTC
- 18, 21%
- 67, 79%

CARE
- 7, 54%
- 6, 46%

CBHH
- 3, 10%
- 27, 90%

CBS
- 1, 25%
- 3, 75%

Forensics
- 12, 24%
- 38, 76%

MSHS
- 0…
- 4, 100%

Legend: ■ Still on Waitlist ■ Admitted

DCT Admissions (All)
361 Total
- CBS: 23, 6%
- Forensics: 9, 3%
- MHSATS: 329, 91%

High Priority Admissions
114 Total
- CBS: 1, 1%
- Forensics: 12, 10%
- MHSATS: 101, 89%

% High Priority from Total Admissions
- CBS: 11%
- Forensics: 52%
- MHSATS: 31%

*This does not count 21 patients removed from waitlist, but not placed in a DCT facility.

Hospital Waiver Admissions
(10 Exceptions)
- Under Review: 9
- Admitted: 1

High Priority Referral Movement by Month

of Referrals (0–60)

Month	Admitted to DCT Site	Transitions	NonPlacement/No longer HP
July	29	2	3
Aug	47	5	4
Sept	38		7

Legend: ■ Admitted to DCT Site ■ Transitions ■ NonPlacement/No longer HP

ACRONYMS:

AMRTC – Anoka Metro Regional Treatment Center
CABHH – Child & Adolescent Behavioral Health Hospital
CARE – Community Addiction Recovery Enterprise
CBHH – Community Behavioral Health Hospital
CBS – Community Based Services
FMHP – Forensic Mental Health Program
MHSATS - Mental Health & Substance Abuse Treatment Services
MSHS – MN Specialty Health System
HP – High Priority (admission)
NR – Not releasable (from jail)
PD - Provisional Discharge
CST -Competency to Stand Trial

Admissions Case Study Examples:
SHORTEST WAIT
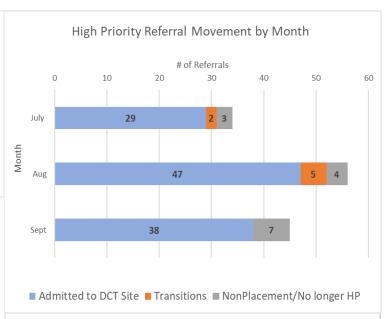1 day - MI&D in community needing revocation of PD and returned to FMHP

LONGEST WAIT
792 days - Part of wait time includes time receiving care at AMRTC before returning to jail; sent to FMHP
842 days - Part of wait time includes time receiving care at AMRTC before returning to jail; sent to FMHP

Active Waitlist Case Study Examples:
LONGEST WAIT
607 days - Received care and treatment at AMRTC prior to returning to jail
556 days - Complex diversion - awaiting community placement

Key Points:
- 23% of all referrals managed thru Central Pre-Admissions were high priority.
- 32% of all DCT Admissions were high priority.
- At the end of the quarter, there were 72 high priority releasable referrals on the active waitlist.
- Referrals doubled or more than doubled over the previous year in August and September due to expanded eligibility for priority admission.

Note: under 253B.10 subd. 1(b)(1) DCT calculates waitlist times based on the time a person has a commitment order that was received by Central Pre-Admissions for a referral to a DCT program. In some cases, this may include times when the person was on a waitlist but not in jail, such as the time a person with an MID commitment spent at AMRTC before being returned to jail; or the time a committed person spent in the community prior to going to jail.